

Data Notes

4/13/20

Skip to 1 min

Mean - find the average

Average - sum of data divided by total # of data pts.

$$60, 67, 73, 63, 67 \quad \frac{\text{sum}}{\text{\# of pts}} \rightarrow \frac{330}{5} = \boxed{66}$$

Median - middle ; order from least to greatest

$$\cancel{60}, \cancel{63}, \boxed{67}, \cancel{67}, \cancel{73}$$

mode - most ; # that appears most often

* can have 0, 1, or multiple modes

$$\boxed{67} \quad 67 \text{ is repeated the most}$$

Quartiles - needed for box & whiskers

* must order least to greatest

①

$$\underbrace{2 \quad 4 \quad 5}_{\text{1st quartile}} \quad \underbrace{6 \quad 6 \quad 6 \quad 7 \quad 8}_{\text{3rd quartile}}$$

Average 2 middle

$$\frac{6+6}{2} = 6$$

median of 1st half
medians

1st quartile : $\frac{4+5}{2} \rightarrow \boxed{4.5}$

2nd quartile : $\frac{6+6}{2} \rightarrow \boxed{6}$

3rd quartile : $\frac{6+7}{2} \rightarrow \boxed{6.7}$

②

$$\underbrace{10 \quad 12 \quad 14}_{\text{1st quartile}} \quad \underbrace{17 \quad 19 \quad 20 \quad 24 \quad 29}_{\text{3rd quartile}}$$

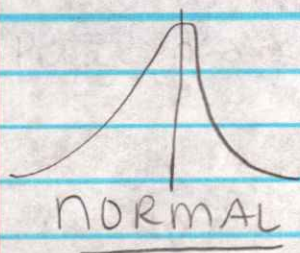
1st : $\frac{12+14}{2} \rightarrow \boxed{13}$

2nd : $\frac{17+19}{2} \rightarrow \boxed{18}$

3rd : $\frac{20+24}{2} \rightarrow \boxed{22}$

Range: greatest # - smallest #

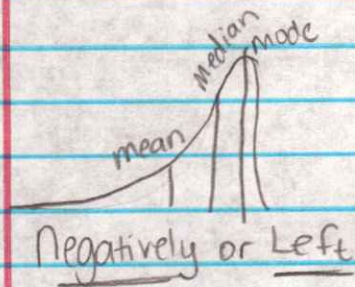
Ex1:



In a normal distribution the data is roughly symmetric.

The mean, median, & mode are equal

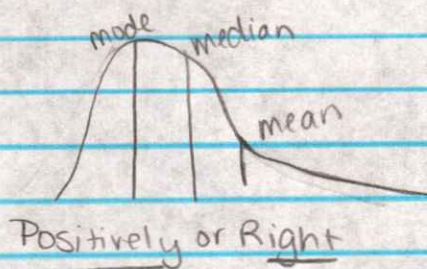
Ex2:



In a distribution that is negatively skewed, there is data that pulls the distribution to the LEFT

The mean is less than median & mode

Ex3:



In a distribution that is positively skewed, there is data that pulls the distribution to the right.

The mean is more than median & mode

Ex1:

42 42 43 45 45 45 46 48 49

mean : 45

median : 45

mode : 45

All three are the same so it is normal

Ex2:

51 52 53 54 56 56 57 58 58

mean: 55 - less than

median: 56

mode: 56, 58

Skewed left